## Memorandum for:

Attached are various unclassified economic studies on the West German economy and classified model simulations analyzing the impact on West German economic activity of alternative growth in world demand and government investment scenarios. The data were requested by George W. Bader, Deputy Principal Director for European Policy, Office of the Secretary of Defense, to be used as background for upcoming discussions on increases in West German contributions to NATO.

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Director, = EURA Office of European Analysis

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1 May 1984

MEMORANDUM FOR: George W. Bader

Deputy Principal Director for European Policy Office of the Assistant Secretary of Defense

FROM

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Chief, Western Europe Division Office of European Analysis

SUBJECT

: West German Economic Data

1. In response to your request, attached are copies of a number of unclassified studies and statistical data on West German economic activity. We also have prepared nine sets of tables summarizing the impact that various levels of government investment and world demand could have on West German economic growth in the medium term. We used our model of the West German economy to prepare a baseline forecast through 1987 and to simulate world growth and alternative government investment patterns.

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- The model simulations are as follows:
- Set 1: Baseline Forecast

The control solution assumes world demand, excluding West Germany, will grow an average of almost 5 percent in the 1984-87 period. Government investment increases by slightly over 2 percent, within bounds dictated by the Finance Ministry and below the anticipated real GNP growth rate.

-- Set 2: Low- growth scenario

World demand growth averages less than 3 percent in the forecast period.

Set 3: High-growth scenario

Pickup in world demand is greater than anticipated, with growth averaging over 7 percent.

Set 4: Sharp increase in government investment

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Government boosts investment in construction by \$5 billion in each forecast year.

- -- Set 5: Low growth scenario combined with \$5 billion permanent increase in public construction investment.
- -- Set 6: High growth scenario combined with \$5 billion permanent increase in public construction investment.
- -- Set 7: Moderate increase in government investment

Government increases investment in construction by DM2 billion (\$800 million) in each forecast year.

- -- Set 8: Low-growth scenario combined with DM2 billion permanent increase in public construction investment.
- -- Set 9: High-growth scenario combined with DM2 billion permanent increase in public construction investment.

consisting mainly of fiscal and monetary policy options and external shocks to

Each set contains 11 tables. Tables 10 and 11 list exogenous variables,

the ec	onomy.							
invest	ment wo	uld be req	uired to	have signi	ion) permane	act on West	German	
					iction of th 1984 over t			
growth	for 19	85, 1986,	and 1987	would only	/ match the	baseline fo	orecast i	n
					conomy would			
					over 9 perc			od
(with	the une	employment	rate drop	ping about	one percer	itage point	).	

4. On the negative side, the model shows that the net public deficit would increase significantly -- assuming that tax policy would remain constant -- and the current account surplus would fall slightly. The initial increase in imports of goods and services probably is overstated, however, in that a proportionately larger amount of materials used by the construction industry could be supplied by the domestic market and not imported as the model indicates. Our model cannot make this distinction since imports and exports are not broken out by commodity.

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5. A more realistic increase in government construction investment of DM2 billion for each of the years has little impact on economic activity. The level of real GNP rises by only 0.1 percent over the baseline forecast. Unemployment improves only slightly; the impact on the current account surplus and budget deficit is minimal as well. As expected, increased spending would have a more pronounced impact at a time of weak world demand.
6. If you have any questions on the enclosed data, please contact
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